CHAPTER

CHAPTER OUTLINE

12

**Congress in Action** 

2

**Directions:** Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 12.

## I. Section 1: Congress Organizes

A. P	residing Officers					
	1. The of the House is chosen from majority party and leads the House of Representatives.					
	2. The Vice President of the United States serves as the					
	of the Senate.					
	3. When the Vice President cannot be present, the					
	President's place.	takes the Vice				
B. Party Officers and Committee Chairmen						
	1. Congress selects the	and				
	leaders of both houses at meetings.					
	2 are the leaders of the standing committees in both houses of Congress.					
	3. Important jobs in Congress are assigned by a custom called the					
	ction 2: Committees					
A. 51	•	es and Subcommittees				
		are committees s dealing with a certain topic.				
	2	do most of the work of standing				
	committees.					

Cong	gress in Action		
B. Ot	her Committees		
1	. The		
	decides what bills will be reviewed by the full House.		
2	2 committees are set up for a limited time to handle issues of national importance.		
3	3. A committee with members from both the House and Senate is		
	called a committee.		
	tion 3: Making Law: The House		
J	is a proposed law. A is a proposed law. A is a measure dealing with a matter in one House and does not require the President's signature.		
2	2 require the House and		
	Senate to act together. They are not as strong as law.		
3	3. A is sometimes added to a bill because it		
	cannot pass on its own.		
B. Int	roduction and First Reading		
1	After a bill is introduced, it receives its first		
C. Bil	Is in Committee		
1	Most bills are in committee, which means they are set aside and no longer considered.		
2	from committee if it is signed by a majority of the House.		
3	3. Subcommittees sometimes hold to learn more about a proposed bill.		
2	House calendars that determine when each bill will be discussed on the floor of the House.		
D. Bil	Is on the Floor		
1	The Committee sets the day when a bill will		

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	HAPTER OUTLINE (continued)				
Со	ongress in Action				
	2. Important bills are so	metimes conside	ered by the		
		of the	to help them		
	pass more quickly.		-		
3. For a vote to take place in the House, there must be a					
	, or maj	ority of House m	nembers present.		
<b></b>		G 4			
IV. S	Section 4: The Bill in the	ie Senate			
A. 1	The Senate Floor				
	Unlike the House, the Se bills reported out of com		calendar for		
В. І	Debate				
	1. A to prevent the Senate		engthy debate, can be used a bill.		
	2. The measure can be discu				
	3. A filibuster is often us	sed by the	party.		
C. C	Conference Commit	tees			
	<b>1.</b> Both houses of Congr bill.	ess must pass the	·		
	2. If there are differences	s in a bill, a			
		must work	out a compromise bill		
	acceptable to both the H	House and Senate			
D. <i>A</i>	After Passage				
	1. The President may		a bill to keep it from		
	haaamina lass. On by no	t acting on a 1:11	a Dragidant can yes the		

1. The President may	_ a bill to keep it from			
becoming law. Or, by not acting on a bill, a President can use the				
to reject the bi	11.			
2. If the President vetoes a bill, it can still become law with				
a majority vote in both	n houses Congress.			